

NHSGGC Adult Paracetamol Overdose Protocol and Shortened NAC Administration Chart

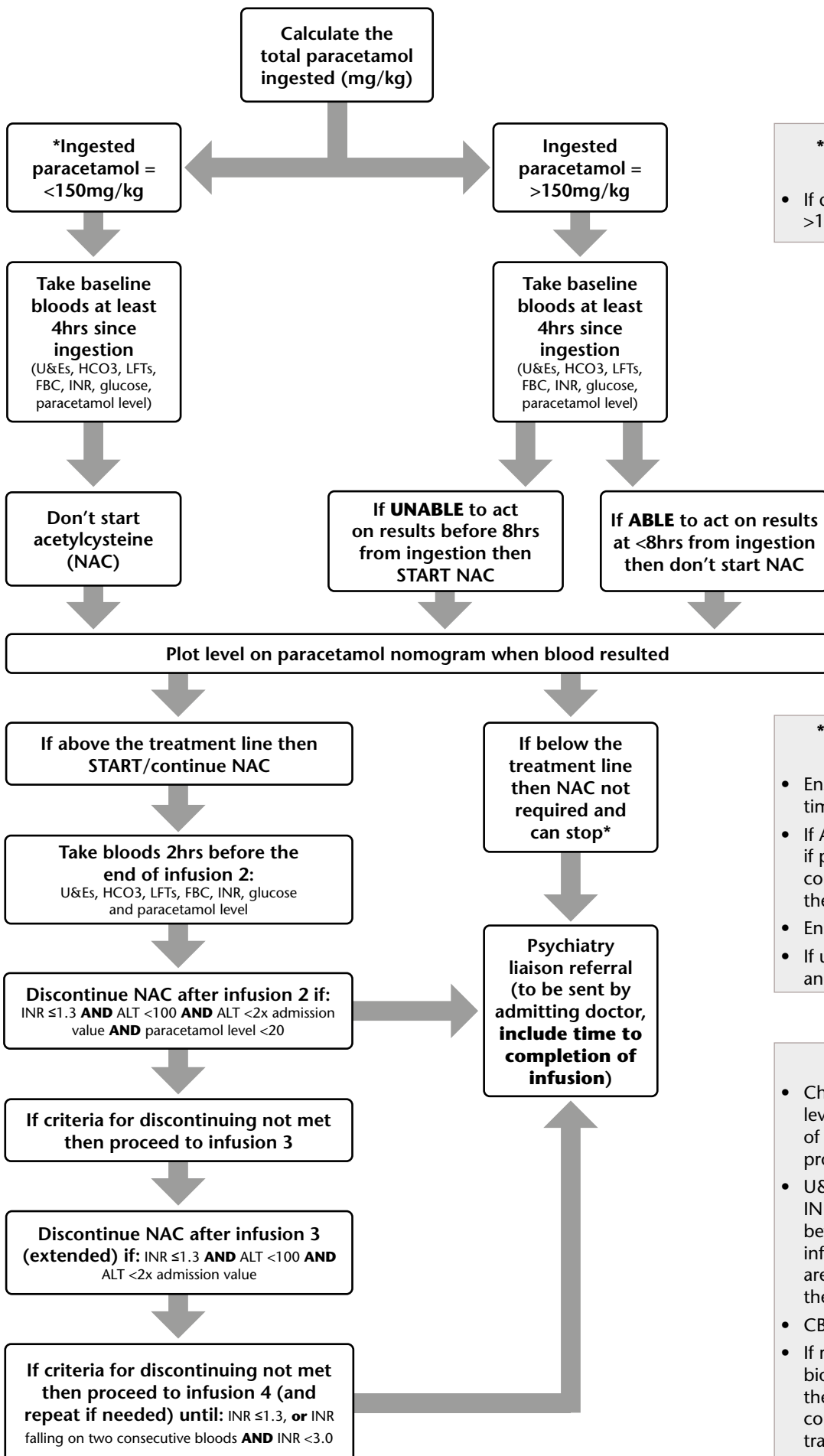
PILOT
March – June 2020

NOTE: This protocol differs from advice on TOXBASE, however the general paracetamol overdose guidance still applies.

Please ensure the EDLs/IDLs are given a diagnosis of paracetamol overdose to allow auditing of this pilot.

Paracetamol overdose presenting 0-8hrs

(Ingested total overdose in ≤ 1 hour time period)



***Clinical judgement required**

- If doubt then assume >150mg/kg

***Clinical judgement required**

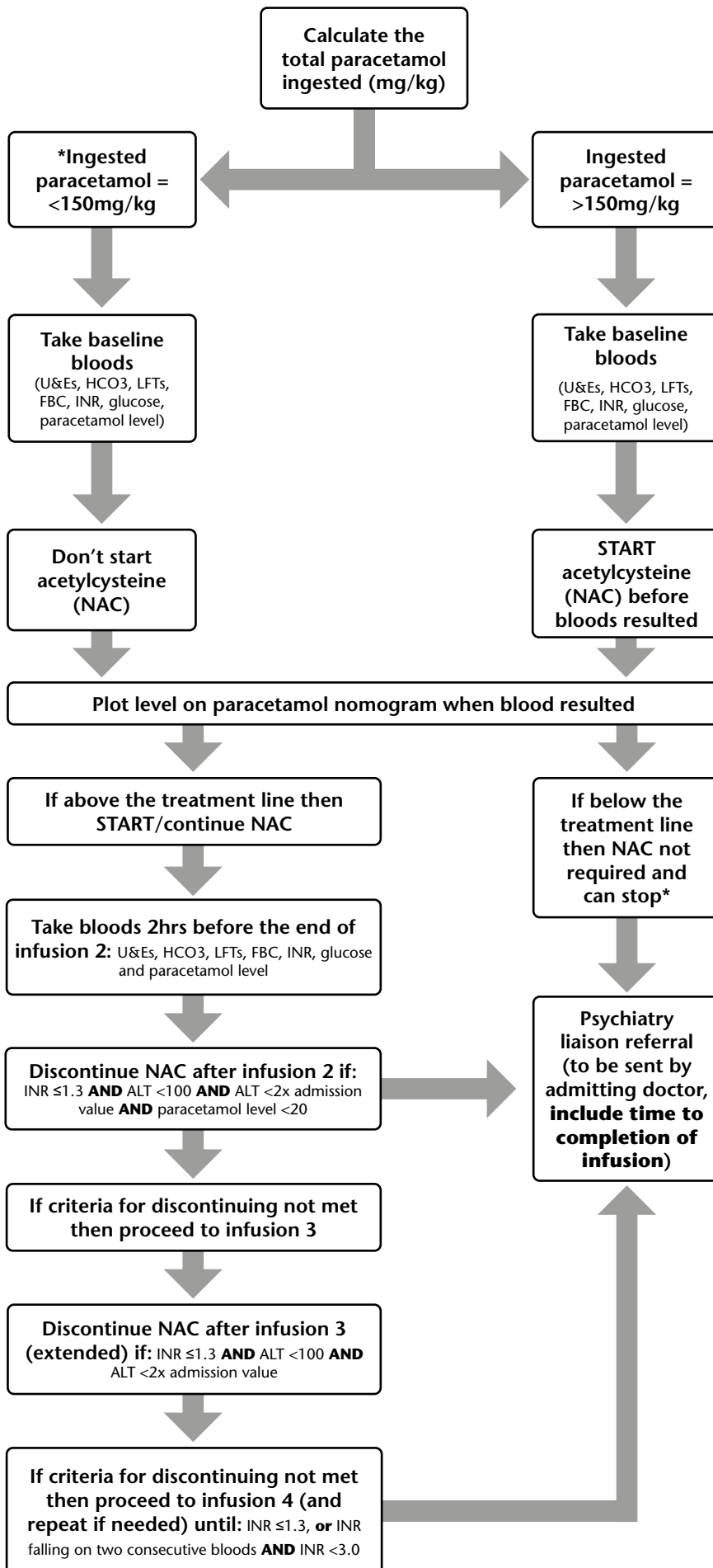
- Ensure no doubt about time of ingestion or type
- If ALT abnormal even if paracetamol concentration normal then consider treating
- Ensure INR normal
- If uncertainty then treat and review

Blood monitoring

- Checking a paracetamol level 2hrs before the end of bag 2 is **NEW** for this protocol
- U&E, HCO₃, LFTs, FBC and INR should be done 2hrs before the end of each infusion 2. Ensure results are **READY** for the end of the infusion.
- CBG 6 hourly while on NAC
- If rapid or progressive biochemical deterioration then discuss with senior and consider referral to regional transplant centre.

Paracetamol overdose presenting 8-24hrs

(Ingested total overdose in ≤ 1 hour time period)



***Clinical judgement required**

- If doubt then assume >150mg/kg

***Clinical judgement required**

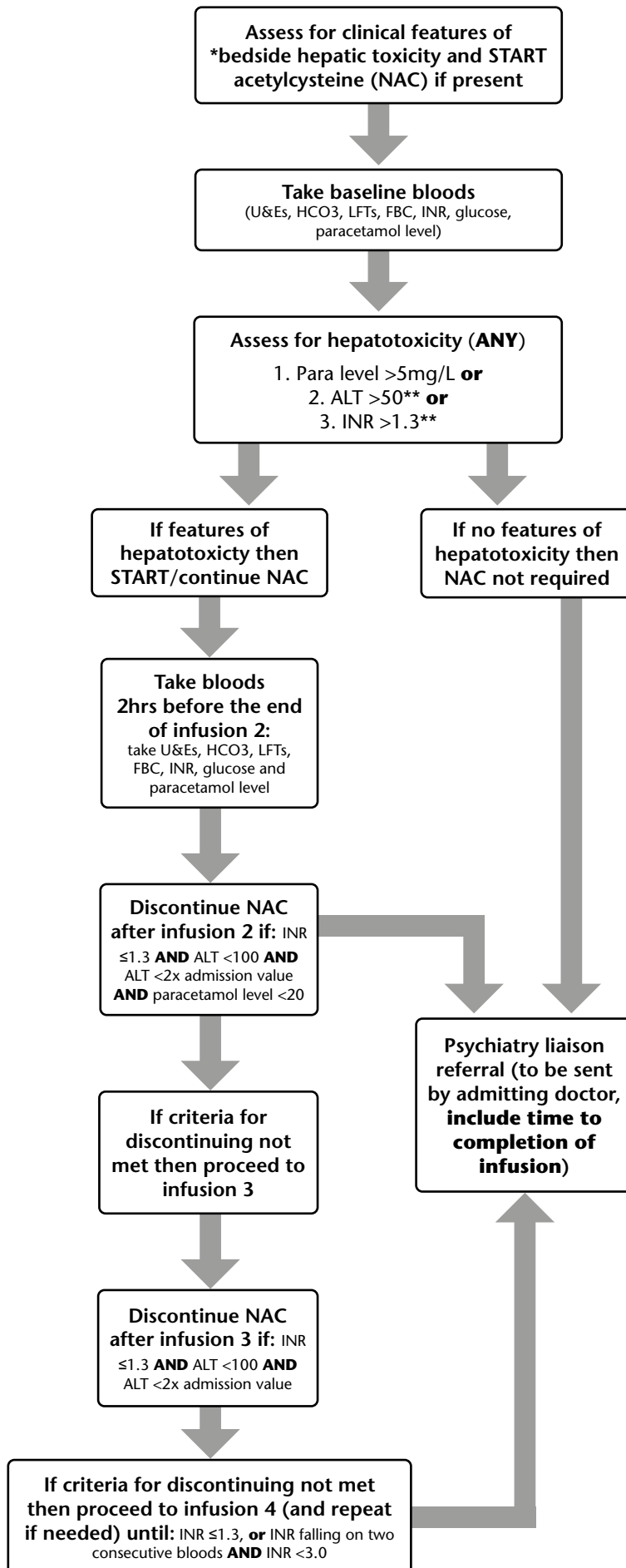
- Ensure no doubt about time of ingestion or type
- If ALT abnormal even if paracetamol concentration normal then consider treating
- Ensure INR normal
- If uncertainty then treat and review

Blood monitoring

- Checking a paracetamol level 2hrs before the end of bag 2 is **NEW** for this protocol
- U&E, HCO₃, LFTs, FBC and INR should be done 2hrs before the end of each infusion 2. Ensure results are **READY** for the end of the infusion.
- CBG 6 hourly while on NAC
- If rapid or progressive biochemical deterioration then discuss with senior and consider referral to regional transplant centre.

Paracetamol overdose presenting >24hrs

(Ingested total overdose in ≤1 hour time period)



*Clinical judgement required

- Bedside hepatic toxicity: Jaundice, tender liver, hypoglycaemia, encephalopathy, unexplained lactic acidosis.
- Ensure no doubt about time of ingestion or type.
- If uncertainty then treat and review with bloods.

**Clinical judgement required

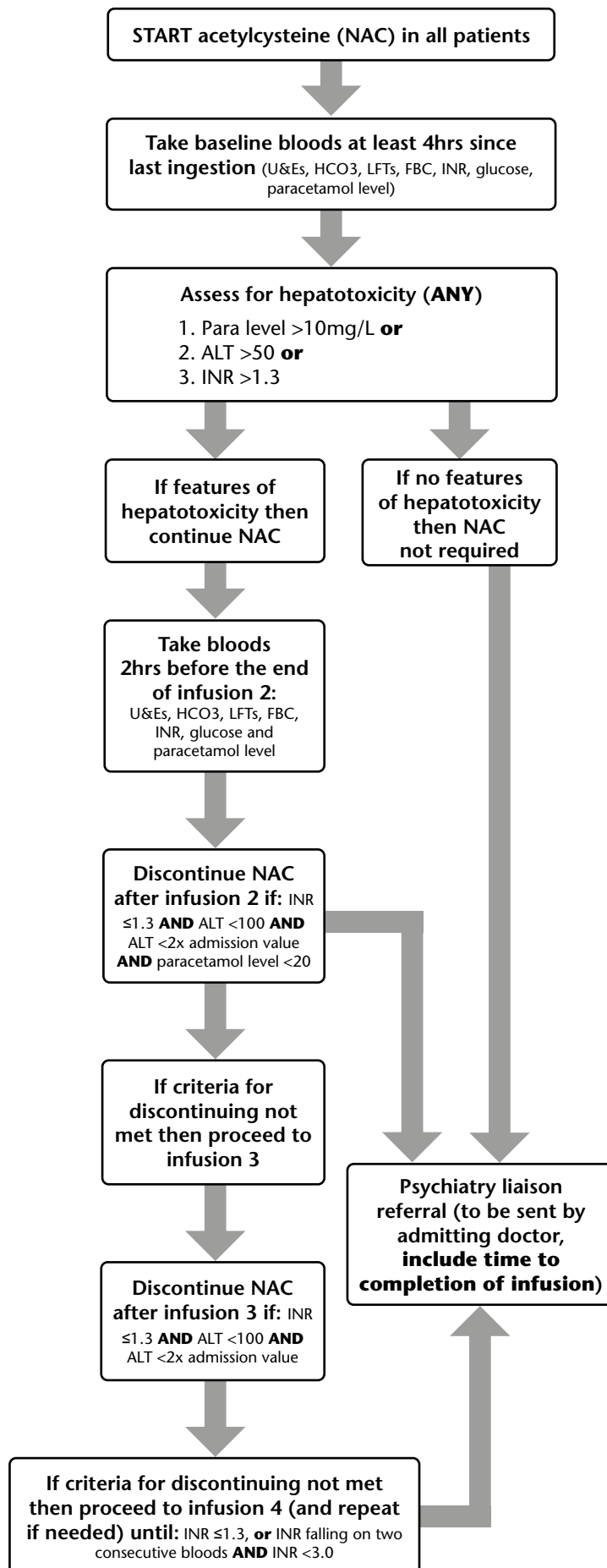
- Some patients have a chronically raised ALT/INR.
- Review old LFTs/INRs and if chronic derangement discuss with a senior clinician before proceeding to NAC.

Blood monitoring

- Checking a paracetamol level 2hrs before the end of bag 2 is **NEW** for this protocol
- U&E, HCO₃, LFTs, FBC and INR should be done 2hrs before the end of each infusion 2. Ensure results are **READY** for the end of the infusion.
- CBG 6 hourly while on NAC
- If rapid or progressive biochemical deterioration then discuss with senior and consider referral to regional transplant centre.

Staggered paracetamol overdose

(Ingested total overdose in >1 hour time period in the context of self harm)

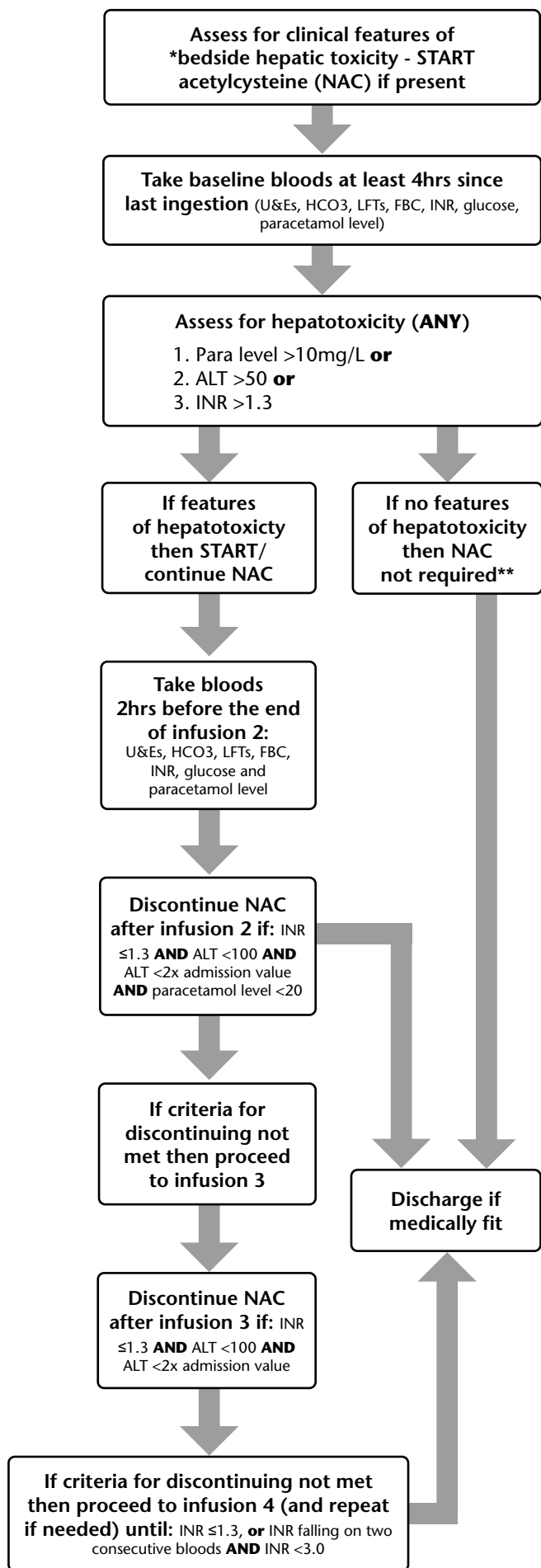


Blood monitoring

- Checking a paracetamol level 2hrs before the end of bag 2 is **NEW** for this protocol
- U&E, HCO₃, LFTs, FBC and INR should be done 2hrs before the end of each infusion 2. Ensure results are **READY** for the end of the infusion.
- CBG 6 hourly while on NAC
- If rapid or progressive biochemical deterioration then discuss with senior and consider referral to regional transplant centre

Therapeutic excess paracetamol overdose

(Ingested total overdose in >1 hour time period with no self harm intent)



***Clinical judgement required**

- Bedside hepatic toxicity: Jaundice, tender liver, hypoglycaemia, encephalopathy, unexplained lactic acidosis.
- Ensure no doubt about time of ingestion or type.
- If uncertainty then treat and review with bloods.

****Clinical judgement required**

- Ensure no doubt about time of ingestion or type
- If uncertainty then treat and review with bloods

Blood monitoring

- Checking a paracetamol level 2hrs before the end of bag 2 is **NEW** for this protocol
- U&E, HCO3, LFTs, FBC and INR should be done 2hrs before the end of each infusion 2. Ensure results are **READY** for the end of the infusion.
- CBG 6 hourly while on NAC
- If rapid or progressive biochemical deterioration then discuss with senior and consider referral to regional transplant centre

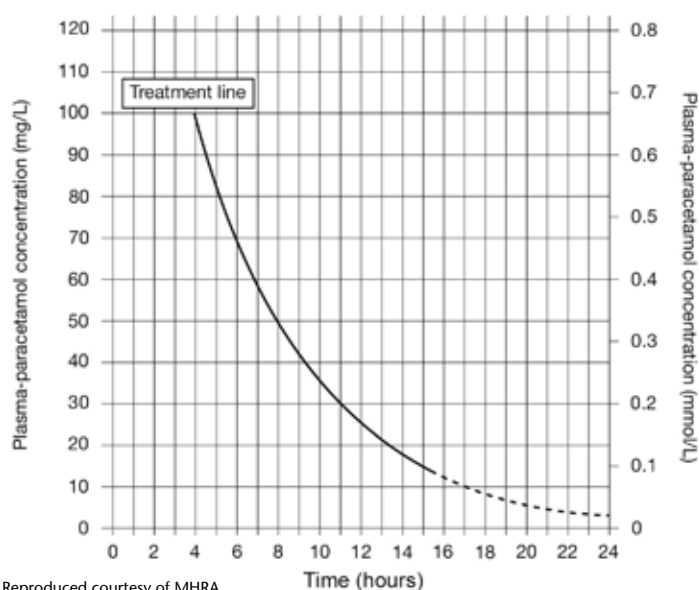
Shortened Adult Acetylcysteine Prescribing and Administration Chart (SNAP regimen PILOT Mar-June)

Name: _____
 Address: _____
 DoB: _____
 CHI: _____

Affix patient data label

Ingestion date & time: _____
 Quantity ingested (mg): _____
 Weight (kg): _____
 Calculated paracetamol ingested (mg/kg): _____
 Serum paracetamol concentration (mg/L): _____
 Hours between ingestion & sampling: _____

Paracetamol overdose treatment nomogram



- Refer to protocols overleaf for guidance.
- If unclear which protocol to use, discuss with a senior clinician.
- Determine the need for acetylcysteine by plotting the measured plasma paracetamol concentration (in mg/L) against the time since ingestion. If plasma level falls **above the line** then give acetylcysteine as detailed below.
- Patients <30kg –this protocol is inappropriate, access paediatric dosing table through www.toxbase.org.
- For pregnant patients, use pre-pregnancy weight to calculate toxic dose and actual weight when prescribing acetylcysteine
- Reactions to acetylcysteine include flushing, nausea & vomiting. Consider pausing infusion for 30 minutes and symptomatic relief i.e. antiemetic and/or chlorphenamine.

Table 1. Acetylcysteine IV dosing & administration

| Regimen | First infusion | | Second (& extended) infusion | |
|----------------------|--|----------------------|--|----------------------|
| Infusion fluid | 200mL sodium chloride 0.9% or 5% glucose | | 1000mL sodium chloride 0.9% or 5% glucose | |
| Preparation | Use 250mL infusion bag and remove 50mL and add required volume of acetylcysteine | | Add required volume of acetylcysteine to 1000mL infusion bag | |
| Duration of infusion | 2 hours | | 10 hours | |
| Drug dose | 100mg/kg acetylcysteine | | 200mg/kg acetylcysteine | |
| Weight (kg) | Ampoule volume (mL) | Infusion rate (mL/h) | Ampoule volume (mL) | Infusion rate (mL/h) |
| 30-39 | 18 | 109 | 35 | 104 |
| 40-49 | 23 | 112 | 45 | 105 |
| 50-59 | 28 | 114 | 55 | 106 |
| 60-69 | 33 | 117 | 65 | 107 |
| 70-79 | 38 | 119 | 75 | 108 |
| 80-89 | 43 | 122 | 85 | 109 |
| 90-99 | 48 | 124 | 95 | 110 |
| 100-109 | 53 | 127 | 105 | 111 |
| > 110 | 55 | 128 | 110 | 111 |

Each ampoule = 200mg/L acetylcysteine. Dose calculation based on weight in middle of band. Ampoule rounded to nearest whole number.

Shortened Adult Acetylcysteine Prescribing and Administration Chart (SNAP regimen PILOT Mar-June)

Name: _____
 Address: _____
 DoB: _____
 CHI: _____

Affix patient data label

| Infusion 1 | | Acetylcysteine 100mg/kg over 2 hours | | | | Preparation | Administration checks | | | |
|--------------|------|--------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------|------------------------|-------------|-----------------------|-----------|-----------------------|---------------------|
| Prescription | | | | | | | Prepared/Checked by | Date Time | Volume remaining (mL) | Volume infused (mL) |
| Date | Time | Dose (mL) | Diluent (200mL) | Infusion rate (mL/hr) | Prescriber's signature | | | | | |
| | | | | | | ⋮ | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

| Infusion 2 | | Acetylcysteine 200mg/kg over 10 hours | | | | Preparation | Administration checks | | | |
|--------------|------|---------------------------------------|------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|-------------|-----------------------|-----------|-----------------------|---------------------|
| Prescription | | | | | | | Prepared/Checked by | Date Time | Volume remaining (mL) | Volume infused (mL) |
| Date | Time | Dose (mL) | Diluent (1000mL) | Infusion rate (mL/hr) | Prescriber's signature | | | | | |
| | | | | | | ⋮ | | | | |
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Extended treatment

Extended treatment with acetylcysteine should be continued at the dose and infusion rate used for the second infusion (see overleaf).
 Recheck U&Es, bicarbonate, LFTs, FBC and INR 2 hours before the end of each 10 hour infusion to reassess need to continue.
 Refer to appropriate protocol regarding discontinuation of extended treatment

